

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

	<u>Page</u>
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	1

FINANCIAL SECTION

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	2-4
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u> <u>Page</u>
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	1 5
Statement of Activities	2 6
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3 7
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Government-wide	
Statement of Net Position	4 8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	5 9
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities	6 10
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	7 11
Notes to Financial Statements	12-64
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	8 65
Fire and Rescue Fund	9 66
Asset Forfeiture Fund	10 67
Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	11 68
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:	
Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional)	12 69
Schedule of Contribution Requirements	13 70
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	14 71
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:	
Capital Improvement Fund	15 72
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	16 73
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:	
Balance Sheet	17 74
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	18 75
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	19 76
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority:	
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	20 77
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund	21 78
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	22 79
Supporting Schedules:	<u>Schedule</u> <u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	1 80-84
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	2 85-88

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA
 FINANCIAL REPORT
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)

	<u>Table</u>	<u>Page</u>
Other Statistical Information:		
Government-wide Information:		
Government-wide Expenses by Function	1	89
Government-wide Revenues	2	90
Fund Information:		
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	3	91
General Governmental Revenues by Source	4	92
Property Tax Levies and Collections	5	93
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	6	94
Property Tax Rates	7	95
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita	8	96
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures	9	97

COMPLIANCE SECTION

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	98-99
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	100-101
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	102-103
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	104-106

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Joe D. Turman, Vice Chair
Lauren D. Yoder

Case C. Clinger, Chair

J. Fred Gerald
Linda Kuchenbuch

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Laura LeRoy, Vice Chair
Pamela Snead

James Ingram, Chair

C. Gene Bishop
Maria "Faye" C. Nichols

COUNTY SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Judy Britt, Vice Chair
Jennifer Claytor

Robert G. Stauffer, Chair

Case C. Clinger
Mary Turman

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court Rhonda Vaughn
Commonwealth's Attorney Eric Branscom
Commissioner of the Revenue Lisa D. Baker
Treasurer Melissa M. Keith
Sheriff Brian Craig
Superintendent of Schools John F. Wheeler
Director of Social Services Tracie Brewster
County Administrator Terri W. Morris
Assistant County Administrator Cynthia Ryan
County Attorney Stephen V. Durbin

FINANCIAL SECTION

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Floyd, Virginia
Floyd, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Floyd, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Floyd, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Floyd, Virginia, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and the schedules related to pension funding on pages 65-67 and 68-71, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Floyd, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2017, on our consideration of the County of Floyd, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Floyd, Virginia's control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, James, Cox Associates

Blacksburg, Virginia
November 28, 2017

Basic Financial Statements

County of Floyd, Virginia
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2017

	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Unit School Board	Component Unit EDA
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,436,320	\$ 281,991	\$ 100,792
Cash in custody of others	-	1,405,732	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Taxes receivable	4,925,344	-	-
Accounts receivable	227,818	-	4,135
Notes receivable - current portion	18,158	-	8,650
Capital lease receivable - current portion	162,500	-	21,500
Due from primary government	-	1,736,600	-
Intergovernmental receivable	655,692	590,924	-
Inventories	-	34,512	246,180
Prepaid items	109,138	102,578	-
Total current assets	<u>\$ 15,534,970</u>	<u>\$ 4,152,337</u>	<u>\$ 381,257</u>
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,180,195	\$ -	\$ 55,907
Loan receivable - net of current portion	381,842	-	106,679
Capital lease receivable - net of current portion	1,042,706	-	-
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land	890,793	265,917	430,419
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings and improvements	14,518,665	2,046,162	2,167,338
Machinery and equipment	2,258,722	792,684	8,354
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$ 20,272,923</u>	<u>\$ 3,104,763</u>	<u>\$ 2,768,697</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 35,807,893</u>	<u>\$ 7,257,100</u>	<u>\$ 3,149,954</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charges on refunding	\$ 83,301	\$ -	\$ -
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	327,227	1,917,316	-
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	298,223	1,649,591	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 708,751</u>	<u>\$ 3,566,907</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 250,119	\$ 60,270	\$ 3,443
Accrued liabilities	-	1,736,600	-
Health claim payable	-	121,217	-
Customers' deposits	-	-	8,910
Accrued interest payable	174,001	-	-
Due to component unit	1,736,600	-	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	680
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	1,741,509	395,083	-
Due in more than one year	13,482,639	20,668,921	-
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 17,384,868</u>	<u>\$ 22,982,091</u>	<u>\$ 13,033</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$ 4,512,239	\$ -	\$ -
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	503,059	1,038,205	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 5,015,298</u>	<u>\$ 1,038,205</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,003,331	\$ 3,104,763	\$ 2,606,111
Restricted:			
Cafeteria	-	351,015	-
Capital equipment purchases	1,180,195	-	-
Asset forfeiture	102,802	-	-
Self-health insurance	-	1,284,515	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	5,830,150	(17,936,582)	530,810
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 14,116,478</u>	<u>\$ (13,196,289)</u>	<u>\$ 3,136,921</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Governmental Activities	School Board	EDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$ 1,026,702	\$ 105,438	\$ 215,284	\$ -	\$ (705,980)		
Judicial administration	861,947	1,986	444,775	-	(415,186)		
Public safety	3,714,857	633,218	973,763	36,300	(2,071,576)		
Public works	1,907,134	192,492	69,522	-	(1,645,120)		
Health and welfare	1,767,024	-	1,328,592	-	(438,432)		
Education	7,023,158	-	-	-	(7,023,158)		
Parks, recreation, and cultural	343,105	1,654	-	-	(341,451)		
Community development	291,251	-	11,000	-	(280,251)		
Interest on long-term debt	516,439	-	-	-	(516,439)		
Total primary government	\$ 17,451,617	\$ 934,788	\$ 3,042,936	\$ 36,300	\$ (13,437,593)		
COMPONENT UNITS:							
School Board	\$ 21,408,499	\$ 430,799	\$ 13,805,621	\$ -	\$ (7,172,079)	\$ -	\$ (103,773)
EDA	107,677	3,904	-	-	-	-	(103,773)
Total component units	\$ 21,516,176	\$ 434,703	\$ 13,805,621	\$ -	\$ (7,172,079)	\$ (7,172,079)	\$ (103,773)
General revenues:							
General property taxes					\$ 11,722,686	\$ -	\$ -
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes					899,208	-	-
Consumers' utility taxes					361,014	-	-
Consumption taxes					42,582	-	-
Motor vehicle licenses					403,080	-	-
Recordation tax					4,240	-	-
Hotel and motel room taxes					47,372	-	-
Other local taxes					29,336	-	-
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property					72,008	-	86,678
Miscellaneous					45,178	34,747	3,131
Contributions from the County of Floyd					-	7,016,379	-
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					-	-	12,858
Transfers					1,611,233	-	-
Total general revenues					\$ 15,237,937	\$ 7,051,126	\$ 102,667
Change in net position					\$ 1,800,344	\$ (120,953)	\$ (1,106)
Net position - beginning					12,316,134	(13,075,336)	3,138,027
Net position - ending					\$ 14,116,478	\$ (13,196,289)	\$ 3,136,921

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2017

	General	Fire and Rescue	Asset Forfeiture	Capital Improvement	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,103,210	\$ -	\$ 102,802	242,850	\$ 10,448,862
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable	4,925,344	-	-	-	4,925,344
Accounts receivable	227,818	-	-	-	227,818
Due from other governmental units	638,418	17,274	-	-	655,692
Prepaid items	109,138	-	-	-	109,138
Long term capital lease receivable	1,205,206	-	-	-	1,205,206
Long term note receivable - PSA	400,000	-	-	-	400,000
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,180,195	-	-	-	1,180,195
Total assets	<u>\$ 18,789,329</u>	<u>\$ 17,274</u>	<u>\$ 102,802</u>	<u>\$ 242,850</u>	<u>\$ 19,152,255</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 249,341	\$ 778	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 250,119
Reconciled overdraft	-	1,012,542	-	-	1,012,542
Due to component unit	1,736,600	-	-	-	1,736,600
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 1,985,941</u>	<u>\$ 1,013,320</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,999,261</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 4,767,852	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,767,852
Unavailable revenue - EMS billings	126,232	-	-	-	126,232
Unavailable revenue - capital lease receivable	1,205,206	-	-	-	1,205,206
Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes	194,357	-	-	-	194,357
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 6,293,647</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,293,647</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 109,138	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,138
Long-term note receivable	400,000	-	-	-	400,000
Restricted:					
Capital equipment purchases	1,180,195	-	-	-	1,180,195
Asset forfeiture	-	-	102,802	-	102,802
Assigned:					
Environmental solid waste	2,745	-	-	-	2,745
Law Library	35,635	-	-	-	35,635
Capital projects	-	-	-	242,850	242,850
Courts	55,714	-	-	-	55,714
E-911	1,127,499	-	-	-	1,127,499
Courthouse Maintenance	87,037	-	-	-	87,037
Unassigned	7,511,778	(996,046)	-	-	6,515,732
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>\$ 10,509,741</u>	<u>\$ (996,046)</u>	<u>\$ 102,802</u>	<u>\$ 242,850</u>	<u>\$ 9,859,347</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 18,789,329</u>	<u>\$ 17,274</u>	<u>\$ 102,802</u>	<u>\$ 242,850</u>	<u>\$ 19,152,255</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
 To the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds \$ 9,859,347

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$ 890,793	
Buildings and improvements	14,518,665	
Machinery and equipment	<u>2,258,722</u>	17,668,180

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.

Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 449,970	
Unavailable revenue - EMS billings	126,232	
Unavailable revenue - capital lease receivable	1,205,206	
Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability	<u>(503,059)</u>	1,278,349

Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 298,223

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Loans and bonds payable	\$ (9,541,055)	
Capital leases	(2,387,290)	
Compensated absences	(346,947)	
Accrued interest payable	(174,001)	
Net pension liability	(1,653,111)	
Deferred charges on refunding	83,301	
Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability	327,227	
Landfill closure/post-closure liability	<u>(1,295,745)</u>	<u>(14,987,621)</u>

Net position of governmental activities \$ 14,116,478

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General	Fire and Rescue	Asset Forfeiture	Capital Improvement	Total
REVENUES					
General property taxes	\$ 11,471,519	\$ 243,017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,714,536
Other local taxes	1,786,832	-	-	-	1,786,832
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	125,121	-	-	-	125,121
Fines and forfeitures	1,343	-	-	-	1,343
Revenue from the use of money and property	234,448	-	60	-	234,508
Charges for services	763,399	-	-	-	763,399
Miscellaneous	45,178	-	-	-	45,178
Recovered costs	55,347	-	-	-	55,347
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth	3,763,559	65,477	21,303	-	3,850,339
Federal	787,984	-	52,146	-	840,130
Total revenues	<u>\$ 19,034,730</u>	<u>\$ 308,494</u>	<u>\$ 73,509</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,416,733</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$ 1,224,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,224,288
Judicial administration	892,993	-	-	-	892,993
Public safety	3,337,056	837,817	67,951	-	4,242,824
Public works	1,702,009	-	-	-	1,702,009
Health and welfare	1,831,878	-	-	-	1,831,878
Education	6,517,749	-	-	80,907	6,598,656
Parks, recreation, and cultural	312,960	-	-	-	312,960
Community development	322,782	-	-	-	322,782
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	1,246,806	38,141	-	-	1,284,947
Principal retirement - current refunding	1,696,626	-	-	-	1,696,626
Bond issuance costs	83,200	-	-	-	83,200
Interest and other fiscal charges	482,138	2,206	-	-	484,344
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 19,650,485</u>	<u>\$ 878,164</u>	<u>\$ 67,951</u>	<u>\$ 80,907</u>	<u>\$ 20,677,507</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ (615,755)</u>	<u>\$ (569,670)</u>	<u>\$ 5,558</u>	<u>\$ (80,907)</u>	<u>\$ (1,260,774)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 97,244	\$ 323,757	\$ 421,001
Transfers out	(421,001)	-	-	-	(421,001)
Issuance of capital lease	650,000	-	-	-	650,000
Payment to the bond escrow agent	(872,232)	-	-	-	(872,232)
Issuance of current refunding bonds	1,742,000	-	-	-	1,742,000
Issuance of advanced refunding bonds	903,000	-	-	-	903,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ 2,001,767</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 97,244</u>	<u>\$ 323,757</u>	<u>\$ 2,422,768</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 1,386,012</u>	<u>\$ (569,670)</u>	<u>\$ 102,802</u>	<u>\$ 242,850</u>	<u>\$ 1,161,994</u>
Fund balances - beginning	9,123,729	(426,376)	-	-	8,697,353
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	<u>\$ 10,509,741</u>	<u>\$ (996,046)</u>	<u>\$ 102,802</u>	<u>\$ 242,850</u>	<u>\$ 9,859,347</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,
 Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
 To the Statement of Activities
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 1,161,994

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital asset additions	\$ 993,730	
Depreciation expense	(954,270)	39,460

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 8,150	
Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - EMS billings	44,925	
Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - capital lease receivable	(162,500)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability	(118,891)	(228,316)

The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.

Issuance of capital lease	\$ (650,000)	
Issuance of refunding bond	(1,742,000)	
Issuance of advanced refunding bond	(903,000)	
Principal payments:		
Loans and bonds	1,966,636	
Payment to escrow agent in advanced refunding	872,232	
Current bond refunding	-	
Capital leases	1,014,937	558,805

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$ (34,936)	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	57,687	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to measurement date	(67,961)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability	327,227	
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	24,381	
Increase (decrease) in prepaid bond insurance	(10,630)	
(Increase) decrease in premium on revenue bond	25,176	
Increase (decrease) in deferred amount on refunding	12,178	
(Increase) decrease in landfill closure/post-closure liability	(64,721)	268,401

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,800,344

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
 Fiduciary Funds
 June 30, 2017

	<u>Agency Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 112,096
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 8,996
Amounts held for state seizure remittances	103,100
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 112,096</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Floyd, Virginia (“the County”) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government’s operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization’s governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Floyd, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

The County has no blended component units to be included for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Floyd County School Board - The Floyd County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and does not issue separate financial statements.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

Floyd County Economic Development Authority - The Floyd County Economic Development Authority (EDA) was created to encourage and provide financing for economic development in the County. The EDA's directors are appointed by the Board of Supervisors and the County is financially accountable for the EDA in that it provides local funding for the EDA's activities. The EDA is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the extent that such activities foster and stimulate economic development. The EDA is presented as a proprietary fund type and does not issue separate financial statements.

Related Organizations - The County is also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, however, the County's accountability to these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Floyd-Floyd County Public Service Authority

The Floyd-Floyd County Public Service Authority (PSA) was created by the County and the Town of Floyd to operate local water and sewer systems. All obligations of the Authority are payable from and secured by revenues derived from the operation of the water and sewer systems.

In 2017, the County issued a note receivable to the PSA in the amount of \$400,000 with a 1% interest rate. The receivable consist of an annual principal and interest payment of \$22,075 from June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2037.

Floyd-Floyd County Recreational Authority

The County, along with the Town of Floyd, provides support to the Floyd-Floyd County Recreational Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The County contributed \$65,000 to the Authority for the current year.

Floyd-Floyd County Tourism Authority

The County, along with the Town of Floyd, provides support to the Floyd-Floyd County Tourism Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The County contributed \$21,000 to the Authority for the current year.

Montgomery-Floyd Regional Library

The County, in conjunction with Montgomery County, and the Towns of Christiansburg and Blacksburg, participates in the Montgomery-Floyd Regional Library. The governing board is composed of members from each of the participating localities. The county contributed \$75,725 to the Library for the current year.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations (Continued)

New River Valley Community Services

The County and the Counties of Montgomery, Giles, Pulaski, and the City of Radford participate in supporting New River Valley Community Services. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The County contributed \$32,324 to NRVCS for the current year.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority

The County, in conjunction with the Counties of Bland, Carroll, Giles, Grayson, and Pulaski, and the City of Radford, participates in the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. Each member jurisdiction pays a per-diem charge for each day that one of its prisoners is at the regional jail facility. In accordance with the service agreement, the Authority has divided the per-diem charge into an operating component and a debt service component. The per-diem charge is based upon an assumed number of prisoner days, and is subject to adjustment at the end of each fiscal year. The County paid the Authority \$477,144 for the current year.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County reports no *business-type activities*. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government is broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County's fiduciary fund is presented in the fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *fire and rescue* fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources, (other than those derived from special assessments, expendable trusts, of dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions. The Fire and Rescue Fund accounts for tax collections earmarked for fire and rescue services and related expenses.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The *asset forfeiture fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted to expenditure for the County's seized assets. This fund is considered a major special revenue fund.

The *capital improvement fund* accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays. This fund is considered a major capital projects fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare Fund is reported as an Agency fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting but have no measurement focus. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

The component unit of the government reports the following major governmental fund:

School Operating Fund - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts and reports for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Floyd, and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to May 1, the County Administrator submits to the County Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General Fund, Fire and Rescue, and the School Operating Fund.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the County Board of Supervisors can change the appropriation by function at the County or category at the School Board. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government activities or departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The School Operating Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate capital projects by project.
8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30.
9. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is part of the County's accounting system.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the following departments/funds have expenditures that exceeded appropriations: Board of Supervisors, Assessors, Magistrate, Juvenile and Domestic Courts, Miscellaneous, and Emergency Medical Services.

Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2017, the Fire and Rescue Fund had deficit fund equity.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Restricted cash at year end consists of unspent capital lease proceeds. Cash in custody of others for the component unit School Board consists of funds held by Anthem and Delta Dental for their self-health insurance fund (see note 17).

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “advances to/from other funds” (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5th and June 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$81,794 for property taxes and \$422,998 for EMS billings at June 30, 2017.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Expenditures for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance
(Continued)

10. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

11. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expenditures) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance - amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the County's highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance
(Continued)

12. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources. Contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. In addition, the change in proportionate share of the net pension liability and differences between expected and actual experience are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources. For more detailed information on the pension items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable and EMS billings receivable are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and uncollected EMS revenue are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and the difference between expected and actual experience related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on the pension item, reference the pension note.

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Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance
(Continued)

13. Net Position

Net Position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

The County's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This category represents the net value of capital assets (property, plant, and equipment less accumulated depreciation) reduced by the debt incurred to acquire or construct the asset.

Restricted- This category includes resources for which the County is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted - Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from charges to customers for goods received, services rendered or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. These resources are used for transactions relating to the operations of the County and may be used at the County's discretion to meet current expenses for any lawful purposes.

14. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted—net position and unrestricted—net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted—net position to have been depleted before unrestricted—net position is applied.

15. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 2—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the “Act”) Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, “prime quality” commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker’s acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer’s Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The County did not have any investments as of June 30, 2017.

Note 3—Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
<u>Commonwealth of Virginia:</u>		
Local sales tax	\$ 160,372	\$ -
State sales tax		433,876
Non-categorical aid	55,000	-
Categorical aid - shared expenses	114,256	-
Categorical aid - welfare payments	80,098	-
Categorical aid - other	159,037	-
Children's Services Act (CSA)	86,929	-
<u>Federal Government:</u>		
School federal programs	-	157,048
	\$ 655,692	\$ 590,924

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 4-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

At year end, due to or due from obligations between the primary government and component units consisted of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit</u>	<u>Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit</u>
Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$ 1,736,600	\$ -
Component Unit:		
School Board	-	1,736,600

Primary government contributions to component units for the year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the \$6,591,877 and \$0 to the Component Unit - School Board and the Component Unit - EDA, respectively.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization. During the fiscal year, the County had the following transfers:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 421,001
Asset Forfeiture Fund	97,244	-
Capital Improvement Fund	323,757	-
Total	<u>\$ 421,001</u>	<u>\$ 421,001</u>

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COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 5—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,893,718	\$ -	\$ (896,936)	\$ 6,996,782
Lease revenue bonds	1,841,205	2,645,000	(1,941,932)	2,544,273
Unamortized bond premium	25,176	-	(25,176)	-
Capital leases	2,752,227	650,000	(1,014,937)	2,387,290
Landfill closure/post-closure liability	1,231,024	64,721	-	1,295,745
Compensated absences	312,011	268,944	(234,008)	346,947
Net pension liability	1,710,798	1,348,958	(1,406,645)	1,653,111
Total	\$ 15,766,159	\$ 4,977,623	\$ (5,519,634)	\$ 15,224,148

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	General Obligation Bonds		Lease Revenue Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 914,175	\$ 295,482	\$ 175,000	\$ 62,942
2019	931,365	254,667	176,000	59,085
2020	949,306	213,101	180,000	57,736
2021	968,031	170,750	181,000	55,307
2022	798,061	132,409	190,000	51,061
2023-2027	2,435,844	222,440	680,861	492,040
2028-2032	-	-	546,000	108,612
2033-2037	-	-	364,653	30,084
2038	-	-	50,759	1,224
Totals	\$ 6,996,782	\$ 1,288,849	\$ 2,544,273	\$ 918,091

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 5—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
<u>General obligation bonds:</u>						
Refunding bonds	2.32%	9/6/2012	7/15/2022	\$ 2,215,060	\$ 1,270,748	\$ 221,021
School construction bonds	4.60-5.10%	11/10/2005	7/15/2025	10,259,045	5,005,443	518,257
School construction bonds	5.10-5.80%	11/16/2000	7/15/2020	3,110,483	720,591	174,897
Total general obligation bonds					<u>\$ 6,996,782</u>	<u>\$ 914,175</u>
<u>Lease revenue bonds:</u>						
Revenue bond - 2016A	2.40%	8/4/2016	1/31/2038	903,000	\$ 900,759	\$ 36,000
Revenue bond - 2016B	1.70%	8/4/2016	1/31/2024	734,000	688,861	94,000
Revenue bond - Taxable 2016	3.10%	8/4/2016	1/31/2034	1,008,000	954,653	45,000
Total lease revenue bonds					<u>\$ 2,544,273</u>	<u>\$ 175,000</u>
<u>Other long-term obligations:</u>						
Capital leases (Note 7)					\$ 2,387,290	\$ 392,124
Landfill closure/post-closure liability					1,295,745	-
Net pension liability					1,653,111	-
Compensated absences					346,947	260,210
Total other long-term obligations					<u>\$ 5,683,093</u>	<u>\$ 652,334</u>
Total long-term obligations					<u>\$ 15,224,148</u>	<u>\$ 1,741,509</u>

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COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations-Component Units:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board-Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2017
Compensated absences	\$ 559,107	\$ 387,000	\$ (419,330)	\$ 526,777
Net pension liability	18,091,792	5,878,179	(3,432,744)	20,537,227
Total	\$ 18,650,899	\$ 6,265,179	\$ (3,852,074)	\$ 21,064,004

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Balance Component Unit School Board	Amount Due Within One Year
<u>Other Obligations:</u>		
Compensated absences	\$ 526,777	\$ 395,083
Net pension liability	20,537,227	-
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 21,064,004	\$ 395,083

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COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 7—Capital Leases:

Primary Government

The County has entered into capital leases to finance the acquisition of a pumper truck, brush trucks, trash truck, public safety vehicles, and school buses. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore have been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

Total capital assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Brush trucks - Public Safety	\$ 225,000
Ambulance - Public Safety	141,225
Fire truck - Public Safety	439,647
Trash truck - Public Works	231,224
Vehicles - Public Safety	55,620
School renovations	1,131,088
School buses	235,575
Voting machine	80,710
Utility trailer	28,818
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 2,568,907</u>
Accumulated depreciation	(379,683)
Net book value of capital assets	<u>\$ 2,189,224</u>

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Capital Leases
2018	\$ 436,162
2019	436,162
2020	436,162
2021	329,987
2022	329,987
2023-2027	<u>578,305</u>
Subtotal	\$ 2,546,765
Less, amount representing interest	<u>(159,475)</u>
Present value of lease agreements	<u>\$ 2,387,290</u>

The future minimum lease as amortized above includes the May 2015 issuance of \$1,750,000 which \$538,895 has yet to be spent and an issuance dated June 2017 of \$650,000 which has not yet been spent as of June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through County of Floyd, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member’s age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member’s age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see “Eligible Members”)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The defined benefit is based on a member’s age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
		<p>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan’s effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan’s effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.</p>	<p>Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan’s effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p> <p>Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.</p>	<p>*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. <p>Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.</p>
<p>Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions A member’s retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee’s creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.</p>

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member’s total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p>	<p>Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member’s total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.</p>

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>	<p>Vesting Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Vesting <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
		<p>Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.)</u> Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. <p>Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.</p>
<p>Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member’s average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1.</p>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.</p>		<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.</p>
<p>Average Final Compensation A member’s average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation A member’s average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.</p>
<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.</p> <p>For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p>

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p>

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement</p> <p>The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.</p> <p>For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement</p> <p>The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement</p> <p><u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 2.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) <u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member’s survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. 	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) <u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) <u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>
<p>Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the highest of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. <p>Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.</p>

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report-pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 8.25% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$298,223 and \$366,184 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$1,653,111 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the County's proportion was 93.96% and 93.96%, respectively.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County of Floyd, Virginia’s Retirement Plan and the Floyd County Public Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County of Floyd, Virginia's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
		*Expected arithmetic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County of Floyd, Virginia Retirement Plan, Floyd County Public Schools Retirement Plan, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County’s proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
County's proportionate share of the County of Floyd's Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,489,171	\$ 1,653,111	\$ 96,693

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$100,160. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Primary Government</u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 503,059
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	327,227	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>298,223</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 625,450</u>	<u>\$ 503,059</u>

\$298,223 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	<u>Primary Government</u>
2018	\$ (181,343)
2019	(178,982)
2020	54,843
2021	129,650
Thereafter	-

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<u>Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	74
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	9
Non-vested inactive members	17
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	<u>18</u>
Total inactive members	44
Active members	<u>73</u>
Total covered employees	<u><u>191</u></u>

Contributions

The Floyd County School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 11.11% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Floyd County School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$163,341 and \$150,059 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The Floyd County School Board’s (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 7,527,497	\$ 5,962,705	\$ 1,564,792
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 135,188	\$ -	\$ 135,188
Interest	508,111	-	508,111
Differences between expected and actual experience	(38,179)	-	(38,179)
Contributions - employer	-	151,165	(151,165)
Contributions - employee	-	75,643	(75,643)
Net investment income	-	94,757	(94,757)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(537,531)	(537,531)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(3,838)	3,838
Other changes	-	(42)	42
Net changes	<u>\$ 67,589</u>	<u>\$ (219,846)</u>	<u>\$ 287,435</u>
Balances at June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 7,595,086</u>	<u>\$ 5,742,859</u>	<u>\$ 1,852,227</u>

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Floyd County School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Floyd County School Board’s (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,665,498	\$ 1,852,227	\$ 1,163,243

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Floyd County School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$187,831.

At June 30, 2017, the Floyd County School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Component Unit School</u>	
	<u>Board (nonprofessional)</u>	
	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>Deferred</u>
	<u>Outflows of</u>	<u>Inflows of</u>
	<u>Resources</u>	<u>Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 17,941	\$ 22,205
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	149,375	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>163,341</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 330,657</u>	<u>\$ 22,205</u>

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$163,341 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board’s (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u>
2018	\$ (162)
2019	(8,362)
2020	91,310
2021	62,325
Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 16.32%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,486,250 and \$1,411,023 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported a liability of \$18,685,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the school division's proportion was 0.13333% as compared to 0.13676% at June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,712,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

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COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (professional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 605,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,067,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	683,000	411,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,486,250	-
Total	<u>\$ 3,236,250</u>	<u>\$ 1,016,000</u>

\$1,486,250 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division’s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u>
2018	\$ (55,000)
2019	(55,000)
2020	543,000
2021	341,000
Thereafter	(40,000)

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2016, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 44,182,326
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	30,168,211
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ 14,014,115</u>
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	 68.28%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class (Strategy)</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>	<u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>5.83%</u>
		Inflation	<u>2.50%</u>
		*Expected arithmetic nominal return	<u>8.33%</u>

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 8—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division’s proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 26,635,525	\$ 18,685,000	\$ 12,135,685

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan’s Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System’s Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 9—Capital Assets:

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 880,603	\$ 10,190	\$ -	\$ 890,793
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$ 880,603</u>	<u>\$ 10,190</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 890,793</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 22,112,785	\$ 24,876	\$ -	\$ 22,137,661
Machinery and equipment	7,331,857	958,664	(41,383)	8,249,138
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 29,444,642</u>	<u>\$ 983,540</u>	<u>\$ (41,383)</u>	<u>\$ 30,386,799</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (7,075,870)	\$ (543,126)	\$ -	\$ (7,618,996)
Machinery and equipment	(5,620,655)	(411,144)	41,383	(5,990,416)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ (12,696,525)</u>	<u>\$ (954,270)</u>	<u>\$ 41,383</u>	<u>\$ (13,609,412)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 16,748,117</u>	<u>\$ 29,270</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 16,777,387</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 17,628,720</u>	<u>\$ 39,460</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,668,180</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 8,826
Judicial administration	274
Public safety	289,359
Public works	189,526
Health and welfare	9,946
Education	424,502
Parks, recreation, and culture	31,558
Community development	<u>279</u>
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 954,270</u>

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 9—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 265,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 265,917
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 4,963,095	\$ 148,951	\$ -	\$ 5,112,046
Machinery and equipment	3,589,234	124,917	-	3,714,151
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 8,552,329</u>	<u>\$ 273,868</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,826,197</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (2,969,427)	\$ (96,457)	\$ -	\$ (3,065,884)
Machinery and equipment	(2,746,229)	(175,238)	-	(2,921,467)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ (5,715,656)</u>	<u>\$ (271,695)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (5,987,351)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 2,836,673</u>	<u>\$ 2,173</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,838,846</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 3,102,590</u>	<u>\$ 2,173</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,104,763</u>

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COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 9—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - EDA

Capital asset activity for the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 430,419	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 430,419
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$ 430,419</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 430,419</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,311,828	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,311,828
Machinery and equipment	72,265	-	-	72,265
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 2,384,093</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,384,093</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (86,694)	\$ (57,796)	\$ -	\$ (144,490)
Machinery and equipment	(62,055)	(1,856)	-	(63,911)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ (148,749)</u>	<u>\$ (59,652)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (208,401)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 2,235,344</u>	<u>\$ (59,652)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,175,692</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u><u>\$ 2,665,763</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (59,652)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,606,111</u></u>

Note 10—Risk Management:

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component units participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component units pay the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component units continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 11—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County participates were audited in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this regulation all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 12—Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

	<u>Government-wide Statements</u>	<u>Balance Sheet</u>
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Governmental Funds</u>
Primary Government:		
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$ -	\$ 449,970
Tax assessments due after June 30	4,317,882	4,317,882
Unavailable EMS revenue representing uncollected EMS billings that are not available for funding of current expenditures.	-	126,232
Prepaid taxes relating to taxes due in a future period.	<u>194,357</u>	<u>194,357</u>
Total deferred/unavailable revenue	\$ <u><u>4,512,239</u></u>	\$ <u><u>5,088,441</u></u>

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Cost:

The County closed its former landfill site in 1995. In accordance with federal and state laws, the County placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for a minimum of ten years after closure.

The presence of certain contaminants has been detected in the groundwater, which thereby extends the monitoring period in excess of the initial requirement. The estimated liability for post closure care is based on the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) accepting the active remedy proposed by the County, as discussed below. If the DEQ does not accept the active remedy, the actual costs may increase. Also, actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, changes in regulations, or other unforeseen circumstances. The cumulative amount of estimated post closure care and corrective costs to date for this site, less cash paid for such costs to date, totals \$1,295,745. This amount is included in the long-term liabilities in the primary government.

The County's current plan of remediation is monitored natural attenuation. This remedy consists of monitoring wells on the site for up to ten years. It is the County's and its external engineer's belief that during this period, the groundwater contaminants will decrease to an acceptable level and the County will be released by the DEQ from all other monitoring requirements.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 14 - Operating Lease

The County leases a manufacturing building to Legacy, Inc. The agreement was for a ten-year term that initially ended on January 31, 2010. However, the lease has been renewed annually for additional one year periods through January 31, 2018. The lease requires Legacy maintain a certain level of employment at the facility or the County can declare the company in default and take possession of the building. Legacy has an option to purchase the building at any time during the term of the lease at a then determined fair market appraised value of the property. The 2018 minimum monthly rental payment under this lease is \$3,600.

Note 15-Capital Lease Receivable

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the County purchased a building and related land with debt proceeds and subsequently transferred ownership to the Floyd County Economic Development Authority (EDA). During fiscal year 2015, the EDA leased the building to a local corporation and assigned all rental payments to the County. For financial reporting purposes, the lease is considered a capital lease. As such, the County has recorded a long-term receivable (\$1,205,206 as of June 30, 2017) for anticipated lease payments. Terms of the lease agreement require monthly payments of \$13,542 for a period of ten years beginning on December 1, 2014.

COUNTY OF FLOYD, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2017

Note 16—Litigation:

As of June 30, 2017, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County’s financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 17-Self Health Insurance:

The Floyd County School Board established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the Anthem health plan account from the School Board and are available to pay claims, reinsurance, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2017, a total of \$2,011,943 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. Claims for the fiscal year totaled \$1,650,282. The risk assumed by the School Board is based on the number of participants in the program and is limited to \$90,000 per participant or \$1,109,454 in the aggregate. Incurred but not reported claims of \$121,217 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Changes in the claims liability for the current and two prior fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Fiscal Year
2016-17	\$ 158,246	\$ 1,613,253	\$ (1,650,282)	\$ 121,217
2015-16	140,864	1,741,649	(1,724,267)	158,246
2014-15	120,320	1,492,224	(1,471,680)	140,864

As of June 30, 2017, funds totaling \$1,405,732 were held in trust by Anthem and Delta Dental for the payment of claims and costs associated with the self-health insurance program. These funds are reported as cash in the custody of others in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 18—Subsequent Events:

Prior to June 30, 2017, the School Board committed to a capital lease agreement for the purchase of 11 buses. The lease totals \$900,849 and consists of an interest rate of 2.53% and annual payments of \$160,348 starting August 2017. The lease was finalized in August 2017 to coincide with receipt of the buses.

Note 19—Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension*, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans*, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Note 19—Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 87, Leases, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Required Supplementary Information

County of Floyd, Virginia
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 10,605,798	\$ 10,616,178	\$ 11,471,519	\$ 855,341
Other local taxes	1,716,000	1,716,000	1,786,832	70,832
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	113,000	113,000	125,121	12,121
Fines and forfeitures	10,500	10,550	1,343	(9,207)
Revenue from the use of money and property	245,700	245,700	234,448	(11,252)
Charges for services	758,737	805,410	763,399	(42,011)
Miscellaneous	5,750	6,096	45,178	39,082
Recovered costs	50,000	78,765	55,347	(23,418)
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	4,053,313	4,165,290	3,763,559	(401,731)
Federal	777,900	822,998	787,984	(35,014)
Total revenues	\$ 18,336,698	\$ 18,579,987	\$ 19,034,730	\$ 454,743
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	\$ 1,603,197	\$ 1,445,397	\$ 1,224,288	\$ 221,109
Judicial administration	917,903	962,255	892,993	69,262
Public safety	3,369,698	3,850,833	3,337,056	513,777
Public works	1,649,043	1,686,883	1,702,009	(15,126)
Health and welfare	1,913,657	1,933,157	1,831,878	101,279
Education	6,876,469	6,968,459	6,517,749	450,710
Parks, recreation, and cultural	320,269	320,269	312,960	7,309
Community development	309,347	360,289	322,782	37,507
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,197,369	1,238,911	1,246,806	(7,895)
Principal retirement - current refunding	-	-	1,696,626	(1,696,626)
Bond issuance costs	83,200	83,200	83,200	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	459,722	478,558	482,138	(3,580)
Total expenditures	\$ 18,699,874	\$ 19,328,211	\$ 19,650,485	\$ (322,274)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (363,176)	\$ (748,224)	\$ (615,755)	\$ 132,469
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	\$ -	\$ (386,839)	\$ (421,001)	\$ (34,162)
Issuance of capital lease	145,000	145,000	650,000	505,000
Payment to the bond escrow agent	-	-	(872,232)	(872,232)
Issuance of current refunding bonds	-	-	1,742,000	1,742,000
Issuance of advanced refunding bonds	-	-	903,000	903,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 145,000	\$ (241,839)	\$ 2,001,767	\$ 2,243,606
Net change in fund balances	\$ (218,176)	\$ (990,063)	\$ 1,386,012	\$ 2,376,075
Fund balances - beginning	218,176	990,063	9,123,729	8,133,666
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,509,741	\$ 10,509,741

Statement of Net Position
 Fire and Rescue Fund
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 392,805	\$ 392,805	\$ 243,017	\$ (149,788)
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	582,279	582,279	65,477	(516,802)
Total revenues	<u>\$ 975,084</u>	<u>\$ 975,084</u>	<u>\$ 308,494</u>	<u>\$ (666,590)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	\$ 934,737	\$ 961,572	\$ 837,817	\$ 123,755
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	38,141	38,141	38,141	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	2,206	2,206	2,206	-
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 975,084</u>	<u>\$ 1,001,919</u>	<u>\$ 878,164</u>	<u>\$ 123,755</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (26,835)</u>	<u>\$ (569,670)</u>	<u>\$ (542,835)</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (26,835)	\$ (569,670)	\$ (542,835)
Fund balances - beginning	-	32,350	(426,376)	(458,726)
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,515</u>	<u>\$ (996,046)</u>	<u>\$ (1,001,561)</u>

Statement of Net Position
 Asset Forfeiture Fund
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60	\$ 60
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	-	-	21,303	21,303
Federal	-	-	52,146	52,146
Total revenues	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 73,509</u>	<u>\$ 73,509</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	\$ -	\$ 63,082	\$ 67,951	\$ (4,869)
Total expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 63,082</u>	<u>\$ 67,951</u>	<u>\$ (4,869)</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (63,082)</u>	<u>\$ 5,558</u>	<u>\$ 68,640</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 63,082</u>	<u>\$ 97,244</u>	<u>\$ 34,162</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,802	\$ 102,802
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	-	-
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 102,802</u>	<u>\$ 102,802</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

Measurement Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	Proportionate Share of the NPL	Covered Employee Payroll	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Primary Government - Floyd County Retirement Plan					
6/30/2016	93.96%	\$ 1,653,111	\$ 3,350,265	49.34%	88.35%
6/30/2015	93.96%	1,710,798	3,182,425	53.76%	87.93%
6/30/2014	93.96%	1,559,230	3,158,882	49.36%	88.43%
Component Unit - School Board (professional)					
6/30/2016	0.13%	\$ 18,685,000	\$ 10,035,725	186.18%	89.84%
6/30/2015	0.13%	16,527,000	10,780,367	153.31%	70.68%
6/30/2014	0.14%	16,432,000	8,527,080	192.70%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
 Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 135,188	\$ 141,862	\$ 141,371
Interest	508,111	494,918	484,197
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(38,179)	99,493	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(537,531)	(558,076)	(386,746)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 67,589	\$ 178,197	\$ 238,822
Total pension liability - beginning	7,527,497	7,349,300	7,110,478
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>\$ 7,595,086</u>	<u>\$ 7,527,497</u>	<u>\$ 7,349,300</u>
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 151,165	\$ 146,934	\$ 120,805
Contributions - employee	75,643	72,990	71,995
Net investment income	94,757	265,834	838,193
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(537,531)	(558,076)	(386,746)
Administrative expense	(3,838)	(3,938)	(4,638)
Other	(42)	(57)	45
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (219,846)	\$ (76,313)	\$ 639,654
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,962,705	6,039,018	5,399,364
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$ 5,742,859</u>	<u>\$ 5,962,705</u>	<u>\$ 6,039,018</u>
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,852,227	\$ 1,564,792	\$ 1,310,282
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.61%	79.21%	82.17%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,448,446	\$ 1,418,282	\$ 1,439,871
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	127.88%	110.33%	91.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Schedule of Contribution Requirements
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 through June 30, 2017

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (1) - (2) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (2)/(4) (5)
Primary Government - Floyd County Retirement Plan					
6/30/2017	\$ 298,223	\$ 298,223	\$ -	\$ 3,614,824	8.25%
6/30/2016	366,184	366,184	-	3,350,265	10.93%
6/30/2015	347,839	347,839	-	3,182,425	10.93%
6/30/2014	378,434	378,434	-	3,158,882	11.98%
6/30/2013	370,739	370,739	-	3,094,649	11.98%
6/30/2012	305,053	305,053	-	2,896,988	10.53%
6/30/2011	292,169	292,169	-	2,774,634	10.53%
6/30/2010	283,748	283,748	-	2,773,683	10.23%
6/30/2009	279,483	279,483	-	2,731,993	10.23%
6/30/2008	223,179	223,179	-	2,695,398	8.28%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)					
6/30/2017	\$ 163,341	\$ 163,341	\$ -	\$ 1,470,216	11.11%
6/30/2016	191,774	150,059	41,715	1,448,446	10.36%
6/30/2015	184,301	146,934	37,367	1,418,282	10.36%
6/30/2014	172,641	120,805	51,836	1,439,871	8.39%
6/30/2013	160,342	112,199	48,143	1,337,294	8.39%
6/30/2012	95,527	95,527	-	1,296,159	7.37%
6/30/2011	98,938	98,938	-	1,342,443	7.37%
6/30/2010	104,397	104,397	-	1,362,891	7.66%
6/30/2009	106,187	106,187	-	1,386,255	7.66%
6/30/2008	107,920	107,920	-	1,343,956	8.03%
Component Unit School Board (professional) (1)					
6/30/2017	\$ 1,486,250	\$ 1,486,250	\$ -	\$ 10,138,131	14.66%
6/30/2016	1,411,023	1,411,023	-	10,035,725	14.06%
6/30/2015	1,415,570	1,415,570	-	10,780,367	13.13%
6/30/2014	1,159,427	1,159,427	-	8,527,080	13.60%

*The difference relates to the School Board using an agreed upon reduced rate from the VRS. This amount will impact the calculation of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

Current year contributions are from County and School Board records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

(1) Only 4 years of information is available.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Other Supplementary Information

Statement of Net Position
 Capital Improvement Fund
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
REVENUES				
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	\$ -	\$ 80,907	\$ 80,907	\$ -
Total expenditures	\$ -	\$ 80,907	\$ 80,907	\$ -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ (80,907)	\$ (80,907)	\$ -
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ 323,757	\$ 323,757	\$ -
Total other financing sources and uses	\$ -	\$ 323,757	\$ 323,757	\$ -
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ 242,850	\$ 242,850	\$ -
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	-	-
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$ -	\$ 242,850	\$ 242,850	\$ -

County of Floyd, Virginia
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Balance Beginning of Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance End of Year</u>
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 6,735	\$ 47,770	\$ (45,509)	\$ 8,996
Seizures to be remitted	-	103,100	-	103,100
Total Assets	<u>\$ 6,735</u>	<u>\$ 150,870</u>	<u>\$ (45,509)</u>	<u>\$ 112,096</u>
Liabilities				
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 6,735	\$ 47,770	\$ (45,509)	\$ 8,996
Amounts held for state seizures	-	103,100	-	103,100
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 6,735</u>	<u>\$ 150,870</u>	<u>\$ (45,509)</u>	<u>\$ 112,096</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2017

		<u>School Operating Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	281,991
Cash in custody of others		1,405,732
Due from primary government		1,736,600
Due from other governmental units		590,924
Inventories		34,512
Prepaid items		102,578
Total assets		<u>\$ 4,152,337</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	60,270
Accrued payroll liabilities		1,736,600
Health claim payable		121,217
Total liabilities		<u>\$ 1,918,087</u>
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid items and inventory	\$	137,090
Restricted:		
Cafeteria		316,503
Self health insurance		1,284,515
Unassigned		496,142
Total fund balances		<u>\$ 2,234,250</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances		<u>\$ 4,152,337</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Total fund balances per above		\$ 2,234,250
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$	265,917
Buildings and improvements		2,046,162
Machinery and equipment		<u>792,684</u>
		3,104,763
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		(1,038,205)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	\$	(526,777)
Net pension liability		(20,537,227)
Adjustment to deferred outflows related to net pension liability		<u>1,917,316</u>
		(19,146,688)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
		1,649,591
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (13,196,289)</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		<u>School Operating Fund</u>
REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	430,799
Miscellaneous		34,747
Recovered costs		189,571
Intergovernmental:		
Local government		6,591,877
Commonwealth		11,930,168
Federal		1,875,453
Total revenues		<u>\$ 21,052,615</u>
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Education	\$	<u>20,963,914</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	<u>88,701</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$	88,701
Fund balances - beginning		<u>2,145,549</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	<u><u>2,234,250</u></u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	\$	88,701
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions	\$	273,868
Depreciation expense		<u>(271,695)</u>
		2,173
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability		1,324,111
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$	32,330
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to measurement date		(88,509)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability		965,676
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		<u>(2,445,435)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u><u>(120,953)</u></u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
 Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	School Operating Fund			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 596,955	\$ 597,811	\$ 430,799	\$ (167,012)
Miscellaneous	43,000	51,134	34,747	(16,387)
Recovered costs	108,005	197,948	189,571	(8,377)
Intergovernmental:				
Local government	6,869,690	7,042,587	6,591,877	(450,710)
Commonwealth	11,909,813	11,925,077	11,930,168	5,091
Federal	1,656,244	1,777,297	1,875,453	98,156
Total revenues	<u>\$ 21,183,707</u>	<u>\$ 21,591,854</u>	<u>\$ 21,052,615</u>	<u>\$ (539,239)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	\$ 21,183,707	\$ 21,591,854	\$ 20,963,914	\$ 627,940
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 21,183,707</u>	<u>\$ 21,591,854</u>	<u>\$ 20,963,914</u>	<u>\$ 627,940</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,701	\$ 88,701
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,701	\$ 88,701
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	2,145,549	2,145,549
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,234,250</u>	<u>\$ 2,234,250</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Discretely Presented Component Unit
County of Floyd, Virginia - Economic Development Authority
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,792
Accounts receivable	4,135
Loan receivable - current portion	8,650
Lease receivable	21,500
Inventory, held for resale	246,180
Total current assets	\$ 381,257
Other assets:	
Loan receivable - net of current portion	\$ 106,679
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	55,907
Capital assets:	
Land	430,419
Machinery and equipment	72,265
Building	2,311,828
Accumulated depreciation	(208,401)
Total capital assets	\$ 2,606,111
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 2,768,697
Total assets	\$ 3,149,954
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,443
Customers' deposits	8,910
Unearned revenue	680
Total liabilities	\$ 13,033
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	\$ 2,606,111
Unrestricted	530,810
Total net position	\$ 3,136,921

County of Floyd, Virginia
Discretely Presented Component Unit
County of Floyd, Virginia - Economic Development Authority
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
IRB Fees	\$ 3,904
Use of property	42,295
Miscellaneous revenue	3,131
Total operating revenues	\$ 49,330
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Operations	\$ 46,410
Depreciation	59,652
Total operating expenses	\$ 106,062
Operating income (loss)	\$ (56,732)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Intergovernmental:	
State	\$ 5,691
Federal	7,167
Interest income	44,383
Interest expense	(1,615)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 55,626
Change in net position	\$ (1,106)
Total net position - beginning	3,138,027
Total net position - ending	\$ 3,136,921

County of Floyd, Virginia
Discretely Presented Component Unit
County of Floyd, Virginia - Economic Development Authority
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Enterprise Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 57,596
Payments to suppliers	(44,776)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>\$ 12,820</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Contributions in aid of construction	\$ 7,597
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	<u>\$ 7,597</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest income	\$ 44,383
Loans/notes issued to customers	(10,481)
Payments received on notes/loans receivable	23,394
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	<u>\$ 57,296</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76,098
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including restricted cash of \$59,555)	80,601
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including restricted cash of \$55,907)	<u>\$ 156,699</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (56,732)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	\$ 59,652
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	4,758
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	2,308
Increase (decrease) in accounts payables	1,634
Total adjustments	<u>\$ 69,552</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>\$ 12,820</u>

Supporting Schedules

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 8,059,151	\$ 8,059,151	\$ 8,449,437	\$ 390,286
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	287,300	287,300	329,469	42,169
Personal property taxes	1,876,797	1,876,797	2,195,539	318,742
Mobile home taxes	46,550	46,550	45,408	(1,142)
Machinery and tools taxes	132,500	132,500	190,538	58,038
Merchant's capital	63,500	63,500	64,477	977
DMV Stops and administration fees	5,000	15,380	34,157	18,777
Penalties	80,000	80,000	106,591	26,591
Interest	55,000	55,000	55,903	903
Total general property taxes	<u>\$ 10,605,798</u>	<u>\$ 10,616,178</u>	<u>\$ 11,471,519</u>	<u>\$ 855,341</u>
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 899,208	\$ (792)
Consumers' utility taxes	370,000	370,000	361,014	(8,986)
Consumption taxes	-	-	42,582	42,582
Motor vehicle licenses	380,000	380,000	403,080	23,080
Recordation tax	6,000	6,000	4,240	(1,760)
Hotel and motel room taxes	45,000	45,000	47,372	2,372
Other local taxes	15,000	15,000	29,336	14,336
Total other local taxes	<u>\$ 1,716,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,786,832</u>	<u>\$ 70,832</u>
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 11,866	\$ 4,366
Transfer fees	1,000	1,000	700	(300)
Building permits	80,000	80,000	100,960	20,960
Land use application fees	8,000	8,000	5,825	(2,175)
Other permits and licenses	16,500	16,500	5,770	(10,730)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	<u>\$ 113,000</u>	<u>\$ 113,000</u>	<u>\$ 125,121</u>	<u>\$ 12,121</u>
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 10,500	\$ 10,550	\$ 1,343	\$ (9,207)
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 28,698	\$ (11,302)
Revenue from use of property	205,700	205,700	205,750	50
Total revenue from use of money and property	<u>\$ 245,700</u>	<u>\$ 245,700</u>	<u>\$ 234,448</u>	<u>\$ (11,252)</u>
Charges for services:				
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 109,957	\$ 141,675	\$ 136,837	\$ (4,838)
Charges for courthouse maintenance	3,500	3,500	3,402	(98)
Charges for courthouse security	10,000	24,955	13,732	(11,223)
Recordation fees	75,000	75,000	93,143	18,143
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney	1,000	1,000	1,986	986
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	161,500	161,500	189,090	27,590
Charges for emergency medical services	396,080	396,080	322,095	(73,985)
Charges for library	1,700	1,700	1,654	(46)
Jail admission fees	-	-	1,460	1,460
Total charges for services	<u>\$ 758,737</u>	<u>\$ 805,410</u>	<u>\$ 763,399</u>	<u>\$ (42,011)</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)				
Miscellaneous:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 5,750	\$ 6,096	\$ 45,178	\$ 39,082
Recovered costs:				
Welfare recoveries	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 21,587	\$ 11,587
Insurance recoveries	20,000	29,612	11,973	(17,639)
Other recovered costs	20,000	39,153	21,787	(17,366)
Total recovered costs	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 78,765</u>	<u>\$ 55,347</u>	<u>\$ (23,418)</u>
Total revenue from local sources	<u>\$ 13,505,485</u>	<u>\$ 13,591,699</u>	<u>\$ 14,483,187</u>	<u>\$ 891,488</u>
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Mobile home titling tax	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 38,818	\$ 18,818
Motor vehicle carriers tax	100	100	49	(51)
Motor vehicle rental tax	2,000	2,000	2,268	268
State recordation tax	30,000	30,000	28,962	(1,038)
Communication tax	626,000	626,000	585,474	(40,526)
Personal property tax relief funds	925,741	925,741	925,741	-
Total noncategorical aid	<u>\$ 1,603,841</u>	<u>\$ 1,603,841</u>	<u>\$ 1,581,312</u>	<u>\$ (22,529)</u>
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 243,604	\$ 243,604	\$ 240,939	\$ (2,665)
Sheriff	750,000	750,000	707,135	(42,865)
Commissioner of revenue	94,923	94,923	94,375	(548)
Treasurer	85,920	85,920	83,880	(2,040)
Medical examiner	300	300	-	(300)
Registrar/electoral board	39,347	39,347	37,029	(2,318)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	192,182	205,341	203,836	(1,505)
Total shared expenses	<u>\$ 1,406,276</u>	<u>\$ 1,419,435</u>	<u>\$ 1,367,194</u>	<u>\$ (52,241)</u>
Other categorical aid:				
Welfare payments	\$ 304,977	\$ 304,977	\$ 291,398	\$ (13,579)
CSA payments	546,757	566,257	377,485	(188,772)
State and local foster care	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
Litter control grant	7,000	7,000	6,857	(143)
E911 PSAP grants	60,162	60,162	59,063	(1,099)
VJCCA grant	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)
Public safety grants	117,300	117,300	62,665	(54,635)
VJCCA grant	-	-	6,585	6,585
VHDA Community Impact	-	20,000	11,000	(9,000)
State seizures	-	59,318	-	(59,318)
Total other categorical aid	<u>\$ 1,043,196</u>	<u>\$ 1,142,014</u>	<u>\$ 815,053</u>	<u>\$ (326,961)</u>
Total categorical aid	<u>\$ 2,449,472</u>	<u>\$ 2,561,449</u>	<u>\$ 2,182,247</u>	<u>\$ (379,202)</u>
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	<u>\$ 4,053,313</u>	<u>\$ 4,165,290</u>	<u>\$ 3,763,559</u>	<u>\$ (401,731)</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the federal government:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 17,890	\$ 17,890	\$ 29,921	\$ 12,031
Categorical aid:				
Welfare payments	\$ 645,295	\$ 645,295	\$ 616,565	\$ (28,730)
Children's Services Act funds	43,144	43,144	43,144	-
Emergency management preparedness grant	7,500	7,500	7,500	-
Law enforcement block grant	-	1,576	1,576	-
Rural Development sheriff vehicle grant	-	36,300	36,300	-
Violence against women grants	31,000	31,000	31,000	-
Bulletproof vest partnership grants	-	2,863	2,863	-
Open container/driver impaired grant	33,071	37,430	19,115	(18,315)
Total categorical aid	<u>\$ 760,010</u>	<u>\$ 805,108</u>	<u>\$ 758,063</u>	<u>\$ (47,045)</u>
Total revenue from the federal government	<u>\$ 777,900</u>	<u>\$ 822,998</u>	<u>\$ 787,984</u>	<u>\$ (35,014)</u>
Total General Fund	<u>\$ 18,336,698</u>	<u>\$ 18,579,987</u>	<u>\$ 19,034,730</u>	<u>\$ 454,743</u>
Special Revenue Funds:				
Fire and Rescue Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 171,280	\$ (103,720)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	15,000	15,000	6,724	(8,276)
Personal property taxes	101,805	101,805	64,042	(37,763)
Mobile home taxes	1,000	1,000	971	(29)
Total general property taxes	<u>\$ 392,805</u>	<u>\$ 392,805</u>	<u>\$ 243,017</u>	<u>\$ (149,788)</u>
Total revenue from local sources	<u>\$ 392,805</u>	<u>\$ 392,805</u>	<u>\$ 243,017</u>	<u>\$ (149,788)</u>
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Fire program funds	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 48,203	\$ 3,203
Four-for-life	15,279	15,279	17,274	1,995
RSAF grant	522,000	522,000	-	(522,000)
Total categorical aid	<u>\$ 582,279</u>	<u>\$ 582,279</u>	<u>\$ 65,477</u>	<u>\$ (516,802)</u>
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	<u>\$ 582,279</u>	<u>\$ 582,279</u>	<u>\$ 65,477</u>	<u>\$ (516,802)</u>
Total Fire and Rescue Fund	<u>\$ 975,084</u>	<u>\$ 975,084</u>	<u>\$ 308,494</u>	<u>\$ (666,590)</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Asset Forfeiture Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60	\$ 60
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60	\$ 60
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Asset forfeiture	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,303	\$ 21,303
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,303	\$ 21,303
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Asset forfeiture	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,146	\$ 52,146
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,146	\$ 52,146
Total Asset Forfeiture Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,509	\$ 73,509
Total Primary Government	\$ 19,311,782	\$ 19,555,071	\$ 19,416,733	\$ (138,338)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Charges for services:				
Tuition and payments from other divisions	\$ 64,359	\$ 64,359	\$ 53,778	\$ (10,581)
Cafeteria	522,596	522,596	363,746	(158,850)
Other charges for services	10,000	10,856	13,275	2,419
Total charges for services	\$ 596,955	\$ 597,811	\$ 430,799	\$ (167,012)
Miscellaneous:				
Donations	\$ -	\$ 300	\$ -	\$ (300)
Sale of supplies and equipment	1,000	1,000	139	(861)
Other miscellaneous	42,000	49,834	34,608	(15,226)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 43,000	\$ 51,134	\$ 34,747	\$ (16,387)
Recovered costs:				
Rebates and refunds	\$ 50,005	\$ 50,001	\$ 8,315	\$ (41,686)
Insurance recoveries	-	18,567	18,567	-
Medicaid payments	58,000	129,380	162,689	33,309
Total recovered costs	\$ 108,005	\$ 197,948	\$ 189,571	\$ (8,377)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 747,960	\$ 846,893	\$ 655,117	\$ (191,776)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenues from local governments:				
Contribution from County of Floyd, Virginia	\$ 6,869,690	\$ 7,042,587	\$ 6,591,877	\$ (450,710)
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 6,869,690	\$ 7,042,587	\$ 6,591,877	\$ (450,710)

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)				
School Operating Fund: (Continued)				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Share of state sales tax	\$ 2,483,614	\$ 2,419,809	\$ 2,425,816	\$ 6,007
Basic school aid	5,854,392	5,982,576	5,982,576	-
Remedial summer education	86,276	65,120	65,120	-
Foster care	-	-	14,269	14,269
Gifted and talented	61,916	62,627	62,627	-
Remedial education	192,196	194,404	194,404	-
Special education	681,072	687,343	688,896	1,553
Textbook payment	23,554	22,677	101,654	78,977
Vocational standards of quality payments	157,369	160,730	159,177	(1,553)
Vocational adult education	-	-	481	481
School food	16,496	24,946	28,992	4,046
Social security fringe benefits	359,885	364,019	364,019	-
Retirement fringe benefits	742,988	751,523	751,523	-
Group life insurance benefits	24,508	24,790	24,790	-
State lottery payments	185,669	189,133	110,156	(78,977)
Early reading intervention	23,698	28,007	28,007	-
Homebound education	1,736	1,583	1,583	-
ISAEF	7,859	8,387	8,418	31
Vocational education - equipment	4,000	4,000	4,834	834
Vocational occupational preparedness	43,392	39,341	30,783	(8,558)
School security grants	91,990	69,129	69,129	-
Special education - foster care	78,776	40,762	26,493	(14,269)
At risk payments	155,652	157,441	157,441	-
Primary class size	223,363	215,914	215,914	-
Technology	180,000	180,000	180,000	-
Standards of Learning algebra readiness	26,554	24,283	24,283	-
At risk four-year olds	149,527	149,527	149,527	-
Mentor teach program	2,259	1,896	1,896	-
English as a second language	39,256	39,256	39,256	-
Other state funds	11,816	15,854	18,104	2,250
Total categorical aid	<u>\$ 11,909,813</u>	<u>\$ 11,925,077</u>	<u>\$ 11,930,168</u>	<u>\$ 5,091</u>
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	<u>\$ 11,909,813</u>	<u>\$ 11,925,077</u>	<u>\$ 11,930,168</u>	<u>\$ 5,091</u>
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Title I	\$ 482,032	\$ 492,064	\$ 493,794	\$ 1,730
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	492,159	502,202	517,801	15,599
Title VI-B, special education pre-school	21,725	22,329	22,329	-
Vocational education	37,644	43,584	34,880	(8,704)
AP testing	-	266	266	-
Improving teacher quality	78,404	77,799	78,866	1,067
English language acquisition skills	5,691	6,009	1,865	(4,144)
School food	538,589	633,044	725,652	92,608
Total categorical aid	<u>\$ 1,656,244</u>	<u>\$ 1,777,297</u>	<u>\$ 1,875,453</u>	<u>\$ 98,156</u>
Total revenue from the federal government	<u>\$ 1,656,244</u>	<u>\$ 1,777,297</u>	<u>\$ 1,875,453</u>	<u>\$ 98,156</u>
Total School Operating Fund	<u>\$ 21,183,707</u>	<u>\$ 21,591,854</u>	<u>\$ 21,052,615</u>	<u>\$ (539,239)</u>
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	<u>\$ 21,183,707</u>	<u>\$ 21,591,854</u>	<u>\$ 21,052,615</u>	<u>\$ (539,239)</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Function, Activity, and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund:				
General government administration:				
Legislative:				
Board of supervisors	\$ 77,094	\$ 79,800	\$ 75,589	\$ 4,211
General and financial administration:				
County administrator	\$ 303,064	\$ 303,064	\$ 288,901	\$ 14,163
Contingency	200,000	-	-	-
Legal services	40,000	40,000	31,714	8,286
Commissioner of revenue	269,984	269,984	274,527	(4,543)
Reassessment	12,750	41,564	41,627	(63)
Audit	60,000	60,000	47,000	13,000
Treasurer	219,854	230,234	226,384	3,850
Total general and financial administration	\$ 1,105,652	\$ 944,846	\$ 910,153	\$ 34,693
Board of elections:				
Electoral board and officials	\$ 158,760	\$ 158,760	\$ 126,704	\$ 32,056
Registrar	261,691	261,991	111,842	150,149
Total board of elections	\$ 420,451	\$ 420,751	\$ 238,546	\$ 182,205
Total general government administration	\$ 1,603,197	\$ 1,445,397	\$ 1,224,288	\$ 221,109
Judicial administration:				
Courts:				
Circuit court	\$ 13,410	\$ 13,410	\$ 10,438	\$ 2,972
General district court	3,380	3,780	2,914	866
Magistrates office	750	750	769	(19)
Clerk of the circuit court	287,051	331,088	303,582	27,506
Sheriff (court)	306,463	294,093	277,841	16,252
Total courts	\$ 611,054	\$ 643,121	\$ 595,544	\$ 47,577
Commonwealth's attorney:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 306,849	\$ 319,134	\$ 297,449	\$ 21,685
Total judicial administration	\$ 917,903	\$ 962,255	\$ 892,993	\$ 69,262
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Police department	\$ 14,875	\$ 14,875	\$ 14,025	\$ 850
Sheriff	1,320,188	1,603,201	1,364,722	238,479
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 1,335,063	\$ 1,618,076	\$ 1,378,747	\$ 239,329
Fire and rescue services:				
Public safety	\$ 78,558	\$ 78,558	\$ 63,282	\$ 15,276
E-911	333,381	466,065	269,999	196,066
Emergency medical services	703,703	706,203	707,528	(1,325)
Total fire and rescue services	\$ 1,115,642	\$ 1,250,826	\$ 1,040,809	\$ 210,017
Correction and detention:				
Payments to New River Juvenile Detention	\$ 40,796	\$ 46,235	\$ 50,159	\$ (3,924)
Payments to New River Regional Jail	462,000	462,000	477,144	(15,144)
Total correction and detention	\$ 502,796	\$ 508,235	\$ 527,303	\$ (19,068)

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Function, Activity, and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Public safety: (Continued)				
Inspections:				
Building	\$ 248,401	\$ 248,401	\$ 243,244	\$ 5,157
Other protection:				
Forest service	\$ 13,069	\$ 13,069	\$ 11,011	\$ 2,058
Animal control	154,327	211,826	135,802	76,024
Medical examiner	400	400	140	260
Total other protection	<u>\$ 167,796</u>	<u>\$ 225,295</u>	<u>\$ 146,953</u>	<u>\$ 78,342</u>
Total public safety	<u>\$ 3,369,698</u>	<u>\$ 3,850,833</u>	<u>\$ 3,337,056</u>	<u>\$ 513,777</u>
Public works:				
Sanitation and waste removal:				
Refuse collection and disposal	\$ 1,120,788	\$ 1,158,743	\$ 1,245,685	\$ (86,942)
Recycling program	195,984	195,984	182,899	13,085
Total sanitation and waste removal	<u>\$ 1,316,772</u>	<u>\$ 1,354,727</u>	<u>\$ 1,428,584</u>	<u>\$ (73,857)</u>
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:				
Maintenance of properties	\$ 332,271	\$ 332,156	\$ 273,425	\$ 58,731
Total public works	<u>\$ 1,649,043</u>	<u>\$ 1,686,883</u>	<u>\$ 1,702,009</u>	<u>\$ (15,126)</u>
Health and welfare:				
Health:				
Supplement of local health department	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -
Mental health and mental retardation:				
Contribution to New River Valley Community Services Board	\$ 32,324	\$ 32,324	\$ 32,324	\$ -
Welfare:				
Public assistance	\$ 1,100,352	\$ 1,119,852	\$ 1,140,066	\$ (20,214)
Children's Services Act	675,500	675,500	554,007	121,493
New River Valley Area on Aging	5,481	5,481	5,481	-
Total welfare	<u>\$ 1,781,333</u>	<u>\$ 1,800,833</u>	<u>\$ 1,699,554</u>	<u>\$ 101,279</u>
Total health and welfare	<u>\$ 1,913,657</u>	<u>\$ 1,933,157</u>	<u>\$ 1,831,878</u>	<u>\$ 101,279</u>
Education:				
Other instructional costs:				
Contribution to Community College	\$ 6,779	\$ 6,779	\$ 6,779	\$ -
Contribution to County School Board	6,869,690	6,961,680	6,510,970	450,710
Total education	<u>\$ 6,876,469</u>	<u>\$ 6,968,459</u>	<u>\$ 6,517,749</u>	<u>\$ 450,710</u>
Parks, recreation, and cultural:				
Parks and recreation:				
Contribution to Floyd Parks and Recreation Authority	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ -
Library:				
County library	\$ 255,269	\$ 255,269	\$ 247,960	\$ 7,309
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	<u>\$ 320,269</u>	<u>\$ 320,269</u>	<u>\$ 312,960</u>	<u>\$ 7,309</u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Function, Activity, and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Community development:				
Planning and community development:				
Community development	\$ 179,257	\$ 225,905	\$ 199,163	\$ 26,742
Planning	4,000	5,292	4,700	592
New River Valley Planning District Commission	19,162	19,162	19,162	-
Total planning and community development	<u>\$ 202,419</u>	<u>\$ 250,359</u>	<u>\$ 223,025</u>	<u>\$ 27,334</u>
Environmental management:				
Soil conservation	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,500	\$ -
Cooperative extension program:				
Extension office	\$ 95,428	\$ 98,430	\$ 88,257	\$ 10,173
Total community development	<u>\$ 309,347</u>	<u>\$ 360,289</u>	<u>\$ 322,782</u>	<u>\$ 37,507</u>
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$ 1,197,369	\$ 1,238,911	\$ 1,246,806	\$ (7,895)
Principal retirement - current refunding	-	-	1,696,626	(1,696,626)
Bond issuance costs	83,200	83,200	83,200	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	459,722	478,558	482,138	(3,580)
Total debt service	<u>\$ 1,740,291</u>	<u>\$ 1,800,669</u>	<u>\$ 3,508,770</u>	<u>\$ (1,708,101)</u>
Total General Fund	<u><u>\$ 18,699,874</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 19,328,211</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 19,650,485</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (322,274)</u></u>
Special Revenue Funds:				
Fire and Rescue Fund:				
Public safety:				
Fire and rescue services	\$ 934,737	\$ 961,572	\$ 837,817	\$ 123,755
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$ 38,141	\$ 38,141	\$ 38,141	\$ -
Interest and other fiscal charges	2,206	2,206	2,206	-
Total debt service	<u>\$ 40,347</u>	<u>\$ 40,347</u>	<u>\$ 40,347</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total Fire and Rescue Fund	<u><u>\$ 975,084</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,001,919</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 878,164</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 123,755</u></u>
Asset Forfeiture Fund:				
Public Safety				
Asset forfeiture	\$ -	\$ 63,082	\$ 67,951	\$ (4,869)
Total public safety	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 63,082</u>	<u>\$ 67,951</u>	<u>\$ (4,869)</u>
Total Asset Forfeiture Fund	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 63,082</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 67,951</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (4,869)</u></u>
Capital Projects Fund:				
Capital Improvements Fund:				
Education:				
Contribution to County School Board	\$ -	\$ 80,907	\$ 80,907	\$ -
Total education	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 80,907</u>	<u>\$ 80,907</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total Capital Projects Fund	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 80,907</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 80,907</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
Total Primary Government	<u><u>\$ 19,674,958</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 20,474,119</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 20,677,507</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (203,388)</u></u>

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Fund, Function, Activity, and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board				
School Operating Fund:				
Education:				
Administration of schools:				
Administration and health services	\$ 812,944	\$ 828,124	\$ 829,393	\$ (1,269)
Instructional costs:				
Instructional costs	\$ 13,880,805	\$ 13,985,374	\$ 13,510,788	\$ 474,586
Operating costs:				
Pupil transportation	\$ 1,647,166	\$ 1,666,710	\$ 1,558,394	\$ 108,316
Operation and maintenance services	2,421,427	2,457,984	2,440,837	17,147
School food service	1,077,681	1,180,584	1,087,099	93,485
Technology	1,343,684	1,473,078	1,537,403	(64,325)
Total operating costs	\$ 6,489,958	\$ 6,778,356	\$ 6,623,733	\$ 154,623
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 21,183,707	\$ 21,591,854	\$ 20,963,914	\$ 627,940

Other Statistical Information

County of Floyd, Virginia
Government-Wide Expenses by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration (1)	Judicial Administration (2)	Public Safety	Public Works (1)	Health and Welfare	Education	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Development (3)	Community Development (3)	Interest on Long-Term Debt	Total
2016-17	\$ 1,026,702	\$ 861,947	\$ 3,714,857	\$ 1,907,134	\$ 1,767,024	\$ 7,023,158	\$ 343,105	\$ 291,251	\$ 516,439	\$ 17,451,617
2015-16	985,309	866,991	3,612,094	1,959,374	1,489,708	6,415,200	328,238	250,068	509,781	16,416,763
2014-15	1,166,572	870,484	3,344,721	1,732,404	1,576,986	6,107,460	314,111	261,084	544,738	15,918,560
2013-14	1,121,324	901,284	3,383,379	1,629,690	2,017,139	6,826,189	294,817	1,794,392	586,840	18,555,054
2012-13	1,441,385	653,873	3,378,798	1,337,042	1,724,585	5,363,536	299,345	426,620	626,805	15,251,989
2011-12	1,370,445	662,893	3,369,356	1,344,955	1,708,336	4,907,803	284,145	387,713	677,762	14,713,408
2010-11	1,234,218	580,392	3,094,884	1,155,191	1,580,615	5,737,881	264,853	416,021	723,796	14,787,851
2009-10	1,670,581	582,654	3,104,849	1,139,165	1,756,824	5,591,957	300,663	339,872	792,376	15,278,941
2008-09	1,329,648	589,541	3,002,667	1,201,286	1,839,317	5,353,202	357,695	319,489	878,274	14,871,119
2007-08	1,238,309	614,973	2,963,673	1,142,179	1,716,772	5,656,376	198,542	377,031	989,579	14,897,434

Notes:

- 1.) Maintenance of properties was reported under general government administration prior to the 2013-2014 fiscal year. Thereafter, same is reported in public works.
- 2.) Cost related to court activity of the Sheriff was reported in public safety prior to the 2013-2014 fiscal year. Thereafter, same is reported in judicial administration.
- 3.) Includes the transfer of a building and land during the 2013-2014 fiscal year totaling \$1,363,850.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Government-Wide Revenues
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	PROGRAM REVENUES				GENERAL REVENUES							Total
	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	Miscellaneous	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs			
2016-17	\$ 934,788	\$ 3,042,936	\$ 36,300	\$ 11,722,686	\$ 1,786,832	\$ 72,008	\$ 45,178	\$ 1,611,233	\$ 19,251,961			
2015-16	740,546	2,695,822	12,750	11,357,048	1,682,658	70,273	57,260	1,614,105	18,230,462			
2014-15	964,336	2,717,408	90,729	10,884,157	1,684,197	90,873	52,641	1,600,210	18,084,551			
2013-14	792,635	3,152,668	26,535	10,476,419	1,632,967	263,667	5,219	1,620,369	17,970,479			
2012-13	828,529	2,703,733	18,655	10,026,812	2,332,055	36,829	7,133	947,258	16,901,004			
2011-12	867,964	3,227,246	17,420	9,978,277	2,279,216	37,118	6,228	950,845	17,364,314			
2010-11	669,200	2,448,965	15,469	9,430,383	2,396,573	59,097	7,891	942,652	15,970,230			
2009-10	903,722	2,544,873	72,088	9,690,586	2,169,806	112,664	50,799	905,044	16,449,582			
2008-09	717,873	2,771,379	353,520	9,382,280	2,170,720	163,721	8,202	1,032,674	16,600,369			
2007-08	682,316	2,779,406	269,252	9,289,566	2,361,844	167,601	1,257	966,850	16,518,092			

Note: State communications tax allocations are reported as other local taxes prior to the 2013-14 fiscal year, thereafter they are reported as grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs.

County of Floyd, Virginia
 General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration (3)	Judicial Administration(4)	Public Safety (4)	Public Works (3)	Health and Welfare	Education (2)	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	Community Development (5)	Debt Service	Total
2016-17	\$ 1,224,288	\$ 892,993	\$ 4,242,824	\$ 1,702,009	\$ 1,831,878	\$ 20,970,693	\$ 312,960	\$ 322,782	\$ 1,852,491	\$ 33,352,918
2015-16	1,073,384	900,242	3,462,062	1,780,079	1,583,268	20,726,647	296,560	248,572	1,992,722	32,063,536
2014-15	1,233,287	891,424	3,264,554	1,512,674	1,646,621	20,049,552	273,475	259,004	1,817,237	30,947,828
2013-14	1,146,905	896,080	3,268,916	1,539,330	2,045,758	19,583,094	263,000	1,791,284	1,878,772	32,413,139
2012-13	1,399,783	643,972	3,179,691	1,169,183	1,716,104	18,550,878	267,787	427,993	1,887,332	29,242,723
2011-12	1,344,702	652,992	3,152,116	1,156,775	1,703,558	17,860,304	252,587	383,339	1,880,725	28,387,098
2010-11	1,189,294	570,491	3,133,541	1,482,318	1,577,706	19,021,947	242,195	414,213	1,731,103	29,362,808
2009-10	1,628,664	572,753	2,898,201	1,177,625	1,751,651	20,204,293	269,105	338,392	2,068,342	30,909,026
2008-09	1,266,567	579,640	3,677,344	1,163,279	1,841,316	21,141,687	326,136	327,908	2,078,232	32,402,109
2007-08	1,183,135	605,257	2,992,839	1,146,413	1,715,900	19,417,079	1,316,756	377,031	2,126,635	30,881,045

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
 (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board and capital projects.
 (3) Maintenance of properties was reported under general government administration prior to the 2013-2014 fiscal year. Thereafter, same is reported in public works.
 (4) Cost related to court activity of the Sheriff was reported in public safety prior to the 2013-2014 fiscal year. Thereafter, same is reported in judicial administration.
 (5) Includes the transfer of a building and land during the 2013-2014 fiscal year totaling \$1,363,850.
 (6) Excludes current refunding principal payment of \$1,696,626 during the fiscal year 2017.

County of Floyd, Virginia
General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	Fines and Forfeitures	Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	Charges for Services	Miscellaneous	Recovered Costs	Inter-governmental	Total
2016-17	\$ 11,714,536	\$ 1,786,832	\$ 125,121	\$ 1,343	\$ 234,508	\$ 1,194,198	\$ 79,925	\$ 244,918	\$ 18,576,997	\$ 33,958,378
2015-16	11,351,835	1,682,658	122,396	1,319	232,773	1,182,199	86,890	331,429	17,981,381	32,972,880
2014-15	10,988,181	1,684,197	126,682	2,737	185,667	1,103,298	132,876	177,845	17,914,903	32,316,386
2013-14	10,313,229	1,632,967	114,441	3,357	263,667	990,430	47,943	108,587	17,805,672	31,280,293
2012-13	9,999,012	2,293,901	118,534	1,296	76,380	1,129,802	38,987	279,633	16,665,184	30,602,729
2011-12	10,023,595	2,249,172	113,667	2,019	80,318	1,232,726	17,790	340,457	16,756,774	30,816,518
2010-11	9,352,323	2,284,927	103,143	369	98,406	1,211,318	27,580	219,914	16,377,285	29,675,265
2009-10	9,622,323	2,156,204	105,299	21,515	155,864	1,134,792	48,767	267,145	17,755,770	31,267,679
2008-09	9,282,097	2,142,339	129,507	10,598	204,580	1,147,435	15,140	230,221	18,441,780	31,603,697
2007-08	9,250,277	2,327,988	160,041	18,329	201,309	960,068	1,135	314,590	17,337,978	30,571,715

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2016-17	\$ 11,525,353	\$ 11,321,050	98.23%	\$ 196,835	\$ 11,517,885	99.94%
2015-16	11,145,856	10,715,502	96.14%	428,572	11,144,074	99.98%
2014-15	10,667,263	10,382,783	97.33%	395,208	10,777,991	101.04%
2013-14	10,567,840	10,225,051	96.76%	310,415	10,535,466	99.69%
2012-13	11,638,602	11,320,876	97.27%	127,339	11,448,215	98.36%
2011-12	11,503,857	11,199,325	97.35%	136,163	11,335,488	98.54%
2010-11	11,198,967	10,865,523	97.02%	242,866	11,108,389	99.19%
2009-10	10,651,549	10,327,803	96.96%	265,046	10,592,849	99.45%
2008-09	10,169,940	9,156,946	90.04%	993,052	10,149,998	99.80%
2007-08	10,000,477	9,324,256	93.24%	665,967	9,990,223	99.90%

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. For years prior to 2013-14, the levy and collections included PPTRA payments from the Commonwealth and taxes abated under relief programs and land use programs of the County.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Merchant's Capital	Public Service Corporation	Mobile Homes	Total
2016-17	\$ 1,754,973,700	\$ 108,545,983	\$ 12,221,078	\$ 1,835,453	\$ 58,852,393	\$ 8,827,356	\$ 1,945,255,963
2015-16	1,741,451,550	101,444,306	8,498,992	1,798,177	58,207,051	8,610,200	1,920,010,276
2014-15	1,729,802,350	100,337,126	9,001,502	2,166,141	56,699,842	9,805,608	1,907,812,569
2013-14	1,718,580,400	99,049,234	9,547,310	1,978,236	52,179,669	9,624,608	1,890,959,457
2012-13	1,713,460,100	96,726,393	9,576,889	1,668,252	51,951,775	9,642,650	1,883,026,059
2011-12	1,698,467,400	94,384,042	10,213,298	1,540,093	56,284,341	9,685,700	1,870,574,874
2010-11	1,685,064,100	93,824,459	7,233,844	1,668,037	50,096,979	9,685,500	1,847,572,919
2009-10	1,677,140,200	89,705,582	10,266,338	1,593,199	34,930,266	10,741,328	1,824,376,913
2008-09	1,336,291,100	97,479,299	10,550,891	938,652	36,023,932	10,139,861	1,491,423,735
2007-08	1,319,658,700	89,274,994	10,814,820	1,276,053	40,887,653	9,825,560	1,471,737,780

(1) Assessed value is as of January 1 of the previous fiscal year; does not include tax exempt property.

Table 7

County of Floyd, Virginia
Property Tax Rates (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Merchant's Capital	Mobile Homes
2016-17	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.95	\$ 1.55	\$ 3.50	\$ 0.55
2015-16	0.55	2.95	1.55	3.50	0.55
2014-15	0.50	2.95	1.55	3.50	0.50
2013-14	0.50	2.95	1.55	3.50	0.50
2012-13	0.50	2.95	1.55	3.50	0.50
2011-12	0.50	2.95	1.55	3.50	0.50
2010-11	0.47	2.70	1.55	3.50	0.47
2009-10	0.47	2.70	1.55	3.50	0.47
2008-09	0.60	2.70	1.55	3.50	0.60
2007-08	0.60	2.70	1.55	3.50	0.60

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Floyd, Virginia
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to
Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value(2)	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2016-17	15,279	\$ 1,945,255,963	\$ 6,996,782	\$ 6,996,782	0.36%	\$ 458
2015-16	15,279	1,920,010,276	7,893,718	7,893,718	0.41%	517
2014-15	15,279	1,907,812,569	8,963,331	8,963,331	0.47%	587
2013-14	15,279	1,890,959,457	10,566,179	10,566,179	0.56%	692
2012-13	15,279	1,883,026,059	11,680,581	11,680,581	0.62%	764
2011-12	15,279	1,870,574,874	12,875,145	12,875,145	0.69%	843
2010-11	15,279	1,847,572,919	13,991,379	13,991,379	0.76%	916
2009-10	15,013	1,827,376,913	14,912,453	14,912,453	0.82%	993
2008-09	14,821	1,491,423,735	15,094,766	15,094,766	1.01%	1,018
2007-08	14,789	1,471,737,780	16,124,932	16,124,932	1.10%	1,090

(1) Bureau of the Census.

(2) Assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.
Excludes lease revenue bonds, net OPEB obligation, capital leases, and compensated absences.

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
 Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest (2)	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2016-17	\$ 1,284,947	\$ 484,344	\$ 1,769,291	\$ 33,352,918	5.30%
2015-16	1,466,817	525,905	1,992,722	32,063,536	6.21%
2014-15	1,262,310	554,927	1,817,237	30,947,828	5.87%
2013-14	1,274,664	604,108	1,878,772	32,413,139	5.80%
2012-13	1,194,564	559,182	1,753,746	29,242,723	6.00%
2011-12	1,116,234	623,310	1,739,544	28,387,098	6.13%
2010-11	921,074	673,887	1,594,961	29,362,808	5.43%
2009-10	1,102,313	671,165	1,773,478	30,909,026	5.74%
2008-09	1,030,166	711,756	1,741,922	32,402,109	5.38%
2007-08	952,950	808,323	1,761,273	30,881,045	5.70%

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

(2) Excludes bond issuance and other costs.

(3) Excludes current refunding principal payment of \$1,696,626 during the fiscal year 2017.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Floyd, Virginia
Floyd, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Floyd, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Floyd, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Floyd, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Floyd, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Floyd, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses [2017-001 and 2017-002].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Floyd, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County of Floyd, Virginia's Response to Findings

The County of Floyd, Virginia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County of Floyd, Virginia's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, James, Cox Associates

Blacksburg, Virginia
November 28, 2017

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Floyd, Virginia
Floyd, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Floyd, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Floyd, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County of Floyd, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Floyd, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Floyd, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Floyd, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Floyd, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Floyd, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Floyd, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Floyd, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Blacksburg, Virginia
November 28, 2017

County of Floyd, Virginia
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number			Federal Expenditures
<i>Department of Health and Human Services:</i>					
Pass Through Payments:					
<i>Department of Social Services:</i>					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950115, 0950116			\$ 174
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400116, 0400117			102,249
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500116, 0500117			334
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600416, 0600417			12,161
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760116, 0760117			16,576
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900116, 0900117			136
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100116, 1100117			76,350
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120116, 1120117			47,221
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000116, 1000117			110,262
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150116, 9150117			1,272
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540116, 0540117			5,003
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200116, 1200117			160,776
					<u>532,514</u>
Total Department of Health and Human Services					\$ 532,514
<i>Department of Agriculture:</i>					
Direct Payments:					
Rural Business Enterprise Grants	10.769	Not applicable			\$ 7,167
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	Not applicable			36,300
					<u>43,467</u>
Total Direct Payments					\$ 43,467
Pass Through Payments:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
<i>Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:</i>					
Food Distribution (Note 3)	10.559	Not applicable	\$ 225		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available	26,759	26,984	
Food Distribution (Note 3)	10.555	Not applicable	65,624		
<i>Department of Education:</i>					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE40254	450,698	516,322	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	APE40253		182,346	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					\$ 725,652
<i>Department of Social Services:</i>					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010116, 0010117 0040116, 0040117			127,195
					<u>127,195</u>
Total Department of Agriculture					\$ 896,314
<i>Department of Justice:</i>					
Pass Through Payments:					
<i>Department of Criminal Justice Services:</i>					
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	15WFAX0018			\$ 31,000
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	Not available			2,863
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Not available			1,576
DOJ Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	Not available			29,350
					<u>64,789</u>
Total Department of Justice					\$ 64,789
<i>Department of Transportation:</i>					
Pass Through Payments:					
<i>Department of Motor Vehicles:</i>					
Highway Safety Cluster:					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC-2016-56114-6314		\$ 3,733	
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2017-57047-6696		15,382	
Highway Safety Cluster Total		154AL-2016-56036-6236			\$ 19,115
					<u>19,115</u>
Total Department of Transportation					\$ 19,115
<i>Department of Homeland Security:</i>					
Pass Through Payments:					
<i>Department of Emergency Management:</i>					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	DEM6274500			7,500

County of Floyd, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
<i>Department of Education:</i>			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Education:</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	APE42901	\$ 493,794
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	APE43071	\$ 517,801
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE62521	<u>22,329</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			\$ 540,130
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE61095	34,880
Advanced Placement Incentive Program Grants	84.330	APE60957	266
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	APE86783	1,865
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	APE61480	<u>78,866</u>
Total Department of Education			<u>\$ 1,149,801</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u><u>\$ 2,670,033</u></u>

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Floyd, Virginia and its discretely presented component units under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect an indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.

Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 787,984
Less: Payment in lieu of taxes	(29,921)
Asset Forfeiture Fund	52,146
Less: Unspent funds on hand	<u>(22,796)</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 787,413</u>
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	<u>\$ 1,875,453</u>
Component Unit EDA:	<u>\$ 7,167</u>
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	<u><u>\$ 2,670,033</u></u>

County of Floyd, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553/10.555/10.559 84.010	Child Nutrition Cluster Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

County of Floyd, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

 2017-001

Criteria:	A key concept of internal controls is the segregation of duties. No one employee should have access to both accounting records and related assets.
Condition:	The County lacks proper segregation of duties over collections in the Treasurer's office.
Cause of Condition:	The County lacks the funding to fully support a completely segregated Treasurer's office.
Effect of Condition:	There is more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	Management should further try to segregate duties among current staff to help alleviate risk created by improper segregation of duties.
Management's Response:	Management acknowledges that internal controls over the functions listed above lack proper segregation of duties; however, to alleviate same would require additional staff. Due to cost constraints, the County has decided not to address the aforementioned internal control deficiency; however, the County will consider implementing compensating controls to improve internal controls.

 2017-002

Criteria:	Per Statement on Auditing Standards 115 (SAS 115), identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness exists.
Condition:	The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.
Cause of Condition:	The County staff is working to provide properly adjusted trial balances and related schedules but is still learning the nuances of this process.
Effect of Condition:	There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.

County of Floyd, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2017-002 (Continued)

Recommendation: The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2017 and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.

Management's Response: The County will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2017 and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings

There were no federal award findings in the prior year.